Mobile Mixers: History, Performance & Use

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Concrete

Most widely used material in construction the world.

• 3000BC – Egyptian Pyramids





• 1824 – Portland Cement Invented



Concrete

• 1891 – First Concrete Street

• Bellefontaine, OH







• 1923 – Ready Mix



Ready Mix – Barrel Delivery

- Certified plant keeps mix consistent
- Specifications written around ready mix
- Offload concrete quickly
- Simple operation



- Ready mix delivery model used for 100 years
- Is one tool a fit for all projects?





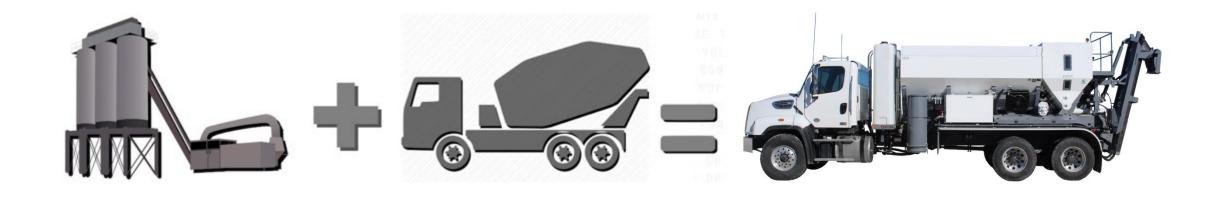


Project Needs

- What if projects require:
 - ✓ Multiple mix designs
 - ✓ Specialty mixes such as latex, polymers or fast-setting
 - ✓ Several pour locations
 - ✓ Flexibility in the schedule

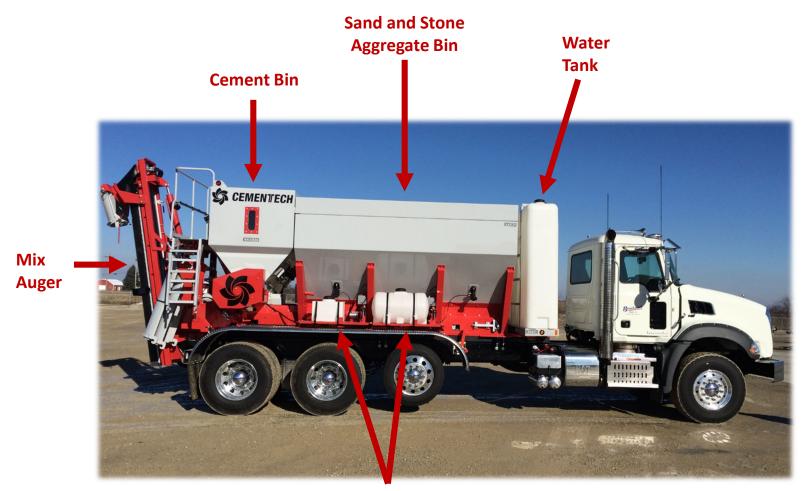
- ✓ On demand concrete
- ✓ Night or weekend work with various amounts and/or mixes
- ✓ Remote work sites with limited access

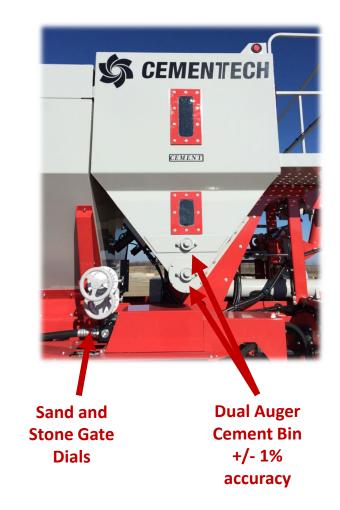






How it Works

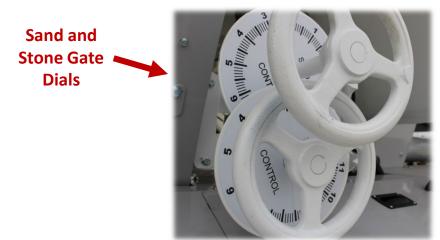




Admixtures

How it Works

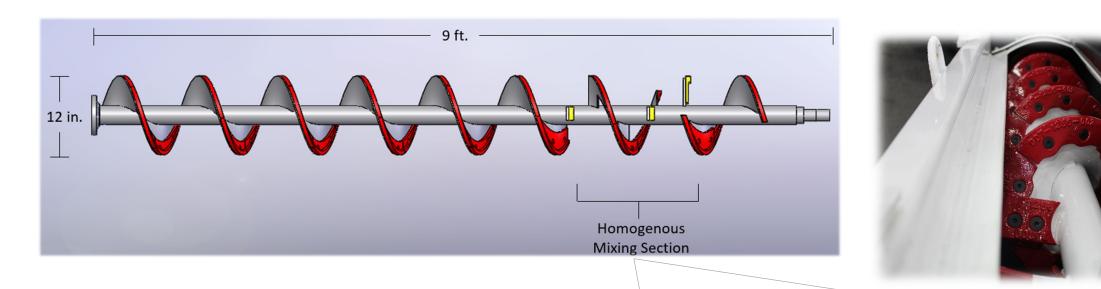




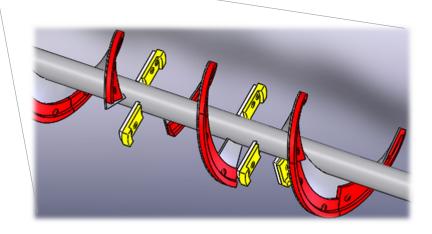




Pump Master Auger



- 278 280 RPM
- 10 15 seconds of mix time
- 30° Angle











Weight vs Volume



VS



ASTM C94

ASTM C685



Calibration Process - Tools

- Containers
- Scale
- Stop watch
- Clipboard





Calibration Process

Typical Order of Calibration:

- 1. Cement
- 2. Sand
- 3. Stone



 While the unit is empty of sand or stone, cement is discharged into the container, timed and weighed.



Calibration Process - Cement

• 3-5 trials is recommended

Recorded Information:

- 1. Record Discharge Time seconds
- 2. Counts number
- 3. Weight of material lbs
- The goal is to verify +/-1% accuracy between the 3-5 trials







Calibration Process - Sand

 Discharge a specified number of sand counts into the bin

Recorded information

- 1. Counts: number
- 2. Weight of material: lbs
- No need to time the sand or stone, timing is based off the cement discharge





Calibration Process – Stone

• 3-5 trials is recommended

Empty sand & load rock

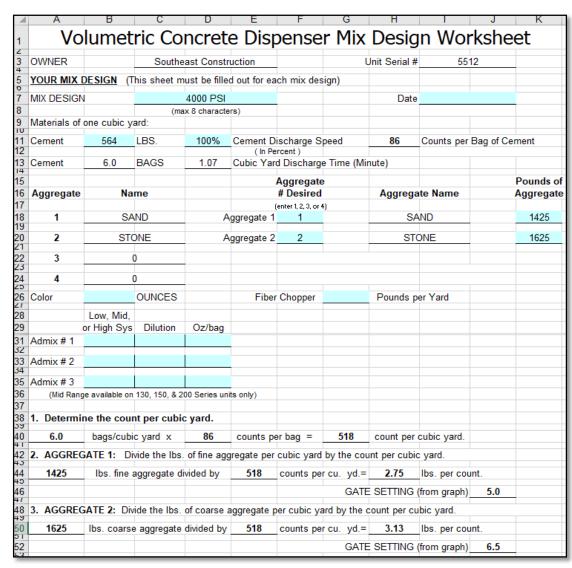
Repeat process







Calibration Process – Mix Design



Description	4000 PSI				
Total	518	Counts / Cubi	c Yard		
Cement	1.09	Ibs./ Count		Dial	
Aggregate 1	2.75	Ibs./ Count		Setting	Oz/Min
Aggregate 2	3.13	Ibs./ Count	Admix # 1	ERROR	0.0
*Water	0.00	Ibs./ Count	Admix # 2	ERROR	0.0
Aggregate 1 Gate	5.0		Admix # 3	ERROR	0.0
Aggregate 2 Gate	6.5		Color	#DIV/0!	0.0
Water Meter			Fiber Chopper	#DIV/0!	0.0



Calibration Process – Verify

- Verify the mix design by running yield tests
- Slump and air testing can also be used to verify the quality of the mix





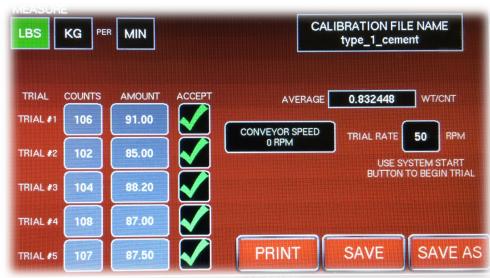






Calibration Process – Digital

- Digital Calibration simplifies the process
- Eliminates stop watch and clip board



 Sand, stone, cement, admixtures, water, fiber and color calibrations are all stored

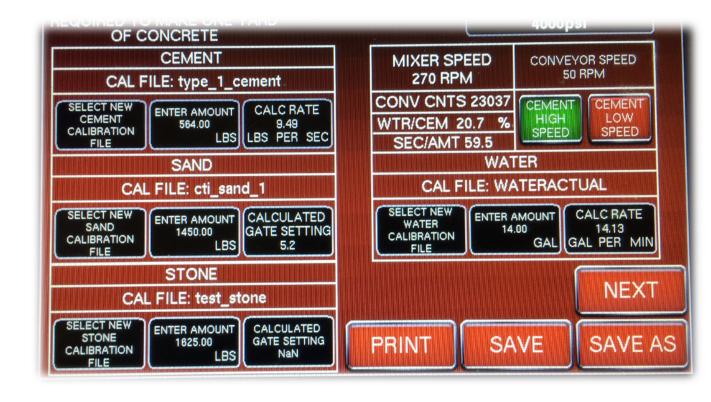




Calibration Process – Mix Design

 Digital mix designs are also stored on the computer

- Automated gates used during calibration and mix design process
 - Accurate to 1/16"
 - Less human error





Barrel vs Mobile Mixers









Myth #1: Volumetric Concrete mixing is a new and unproven technology



- 1965 Patent granted for the Concrete-Mobile
- Over 2,500 Concrete-Mobiles were produced by 1980
- Over 10,000 Volumetric Mixers produced by 2000
- In use in every state in the United States and 60 countries
- Used by the U.S. Military, state DOT and cities
- City of Des Moines has been operating a mixer for 15 years



Myth #2: Volumetric mixers cannot match the accuracy and consistency of a batch plant



- Specification ASTM C94 vs. ASTM C685
 - Same tolerances on all materials
 - More restrictions on ready mix as water-cement contact occurs at the plant, not at the job site
- ACI 304.6R "Guide for the Use of Volumetric-Measuring.."
 VMMB (NRMCA) approval and specification
- AASHTO M241











3RD Party Test Results

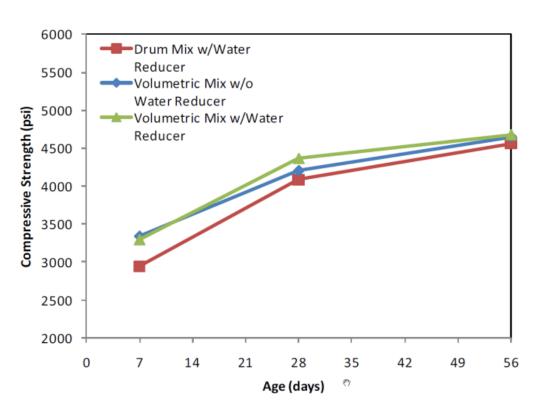
Concrete Comparative Testing – VMMB – 12/5/13

Table 4. Average* Concrete Compressive Strength (psi) Test Results, (ASTM C 39)								
	Mixing/Production Method							
Age	Drum Mixed	Volumetric w/o WR	Mixed	Volumetric Mixed w/ WR ¹				
7 Day	2943	3338		3296				
28 Day	4085**	4201**	* <i>4</i> 7	4365				
56 Day	4563	4647		4679				

¹ Additional Test

Air content, slump, unit weight testing







^{*}This is an average of the compressive strength test results of specimens of all the four batches at the respective test age.

Myth #3: Volumetric mixers don't produce "good concrete" (e.g. not enough mix time)



Many examples of quality concrete:

- Bridge deck overlays Virginia
- Street replacement/repair Texas
- Airport runway repairs Oregon, Australia
- Structural elements
- Pool builders, Soil retention Florida
- Pervious concrete California
- Light weight concrete by foam and lightweight aggregates



Myth #4: Volumetric mixers cannot handle large production pours or projects



- A single piece of equipment can be reloaded at the jobsite No time or fuel wasted in transit
- Volumetric equipment is capable of production rates in excess of 90 cubic yards per hour
- Many examples of large scale projects done with volumetrics
 - Fermi Labs 28,000 CY of concrete in 1 month with 1 machine
 - Common volumetric model on the market today will produce 1 CY of concrete per minute



Myth #5: Volumetric mixers are too complex to operate and have too long a learning curve



- Like other jobsite equipment, proper training of operators is a must
- An operator of a volumetric mixer must have more training than a typical barrel mixer operator – "batch plant on wheels"
- We offer extensive training in the operation, maintenance and calibration of their equipment
- Typical "day-to-day" operation is straight-forward and repeatable



Automated Units

- Electronic controls
 - Simple Operation
 - CAN wiring simplifying maintenance
 - Technology based infrastructure
- Pre-programmed mix designs
- Automated gate system
- Printable batch ticket with each pour









DOT Approved

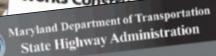


STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OF HIGHWAYS, STREETS AND BRIDGES



2017 Revision to the 2015 Edition

Uniform Standard Specifications and **Details for Public** Works Constru



CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIALS

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2016 EDITION

DEPARTMENT OF LOUISIANA AND DEVELOPMENT



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- Washington
- Oklahoma
- Georgia



Benefits

- Fresh, on-demand concrete
 - Stop and start as needed
- Multiple mix designs from a single load
- Not limited by travel time or distance
- Reduced clean out time, water, materials
- Specialty concrete latex, fast-setting, etc.



Municipal Involvement





Cemen Tech has an awarded contract for "Roadway Maintenance Equipment with Related Accessories, Attachments, Materials, & Supplies" through solicitation #052417. Sourcewell contracts are solicited across North America and competitively awarded on behalf of Sourcewell current and potential government and education member agencies.

Q&A

